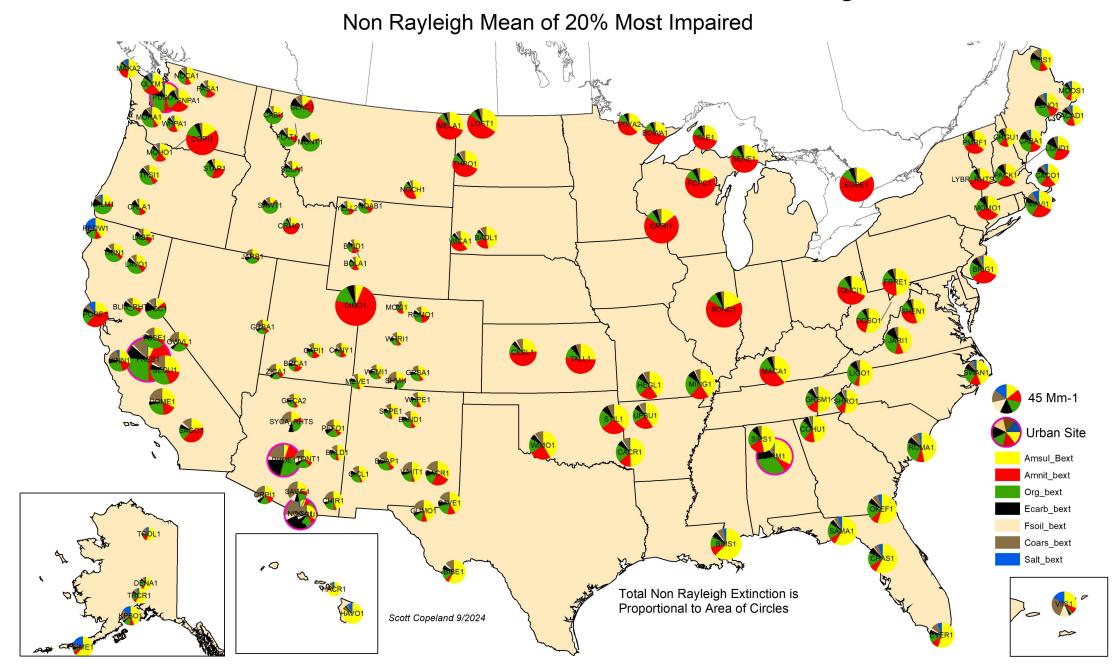
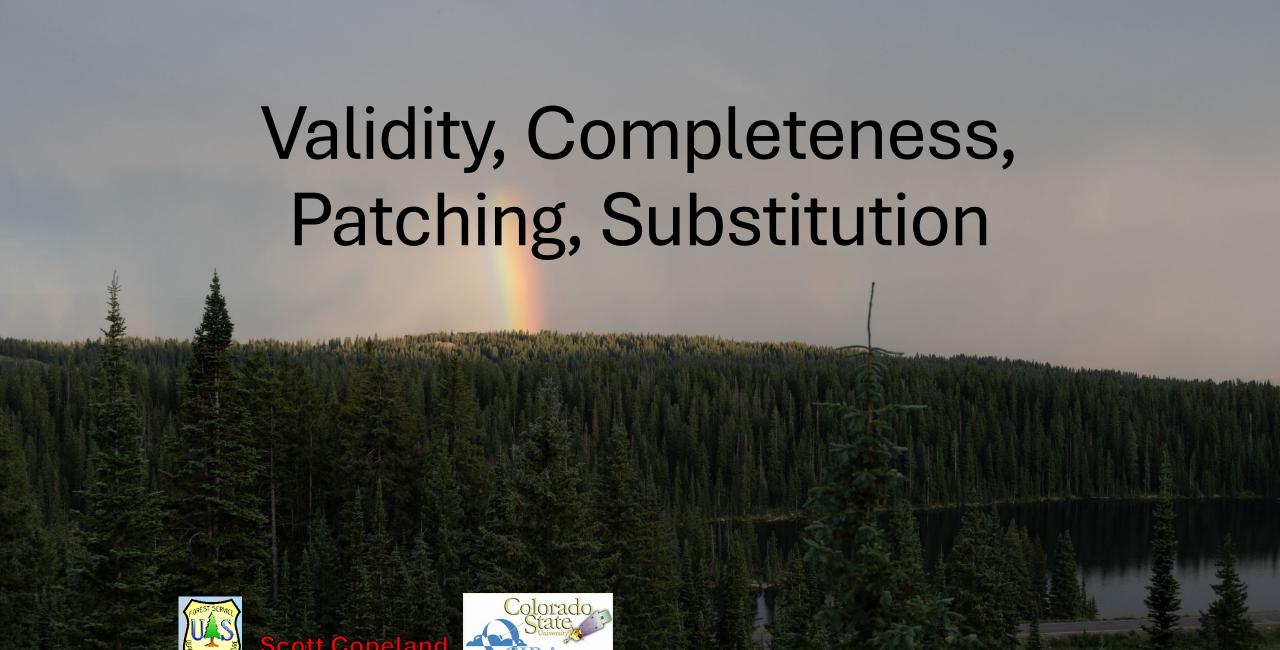


IMPROVE Data - 2023 Second IMPROVE Algorithm

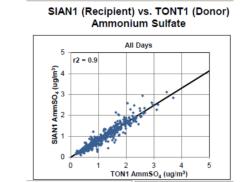


All of the published RHR metrics use the second IMPROVE light extinction algorithm.

```
b_{ext} = 2.2 \times f_s(RH) \times [Small Sulfate] +
       4.8 × f_1(RH) × [Large Sulfate] +
       2.4 \times f_s(RH) \times [Small Nitrate] +
       5.1 × f_1(RH) × [Large Sulfate] +
       2.8 × [Small Organic Mass] +
       6.1 × [Large Organic Mass] +
       1 × [Fine Soil] +
       1.7 \times f_{ss}(RH) \times [Sea Salt] +
       0.6 × [Coarse Mass] +
       10 × [Elemental Carbon] +
       Rayleigh Scattering (site specific)
```



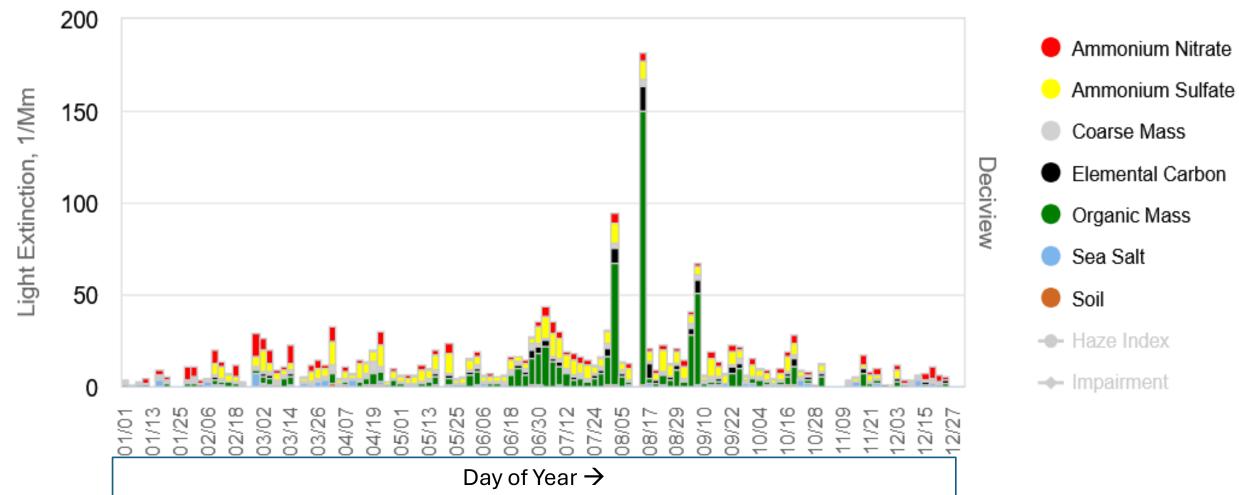
- In cases where observations needed to calculate deciview are missing, EPA's Guidance for Tracking Progress guidance (2003) allows historic medians to be filled in for values which usually contribute little to total haze. (less than 10% difference at least 90% of the time.) This de minimis filling of missing data is called "patching", though the 2003 guidance regularly calls it "substituted".
- When data is missing and can't be "patched" because it is too significant in terms of contribution to haze, FS and RPOs developed another technique which uses surrogate measurements or regressions of species between nearby sites to fill in data gaps. This is referred to as "substituted" data and is regularly included in regional haze metric calculations.
- Both substituted and patched data are flagged in the datasets.
- Patching and Substitution occur before validity and completeness are determined.
- Every observation has a validity code. All relevant observations for a sample date must have a
 validity code from the subset of codes that are considered valid to be used to determine
 completeness or to calculate a deciview value.
- A site-year is considered "complete" with 75% of all observations, 50% of each quarter, and no more than 10 consecutive dates with invalid observations for.





Daily Extinction Composition Sorted by Date - All Days (2021)

Snoqualmie Pass (SNPA1)



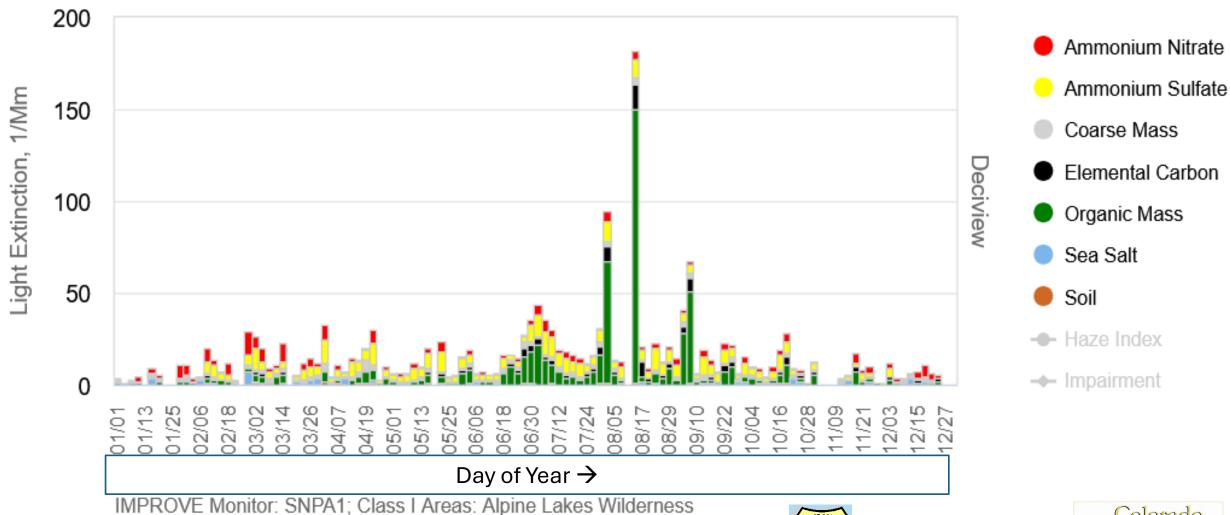
IMPROVE Monitor: SNPA1; Class I Areas: Alpine Lakes Wilderness





Daily Extinction Composition Sorted by Date - All Days (2021)

Snoqualmie Pass (SNPA1)







Daily Extinction Composition Sorted by Date - All Days (2021) 25 (SNPA1) 200 Ammonium Nitrate 20 Megameters (1/Mm) Ammonium Sulfate Light Extinction, 1/Mm 150 Coarse Mass Deciview Elemental Carbon 100 Organic Mass 10 Inverse Sea Salt 50 Soil Haze Index → Impairment 0 IMPROVE Monitor: Snoqualmie Pass

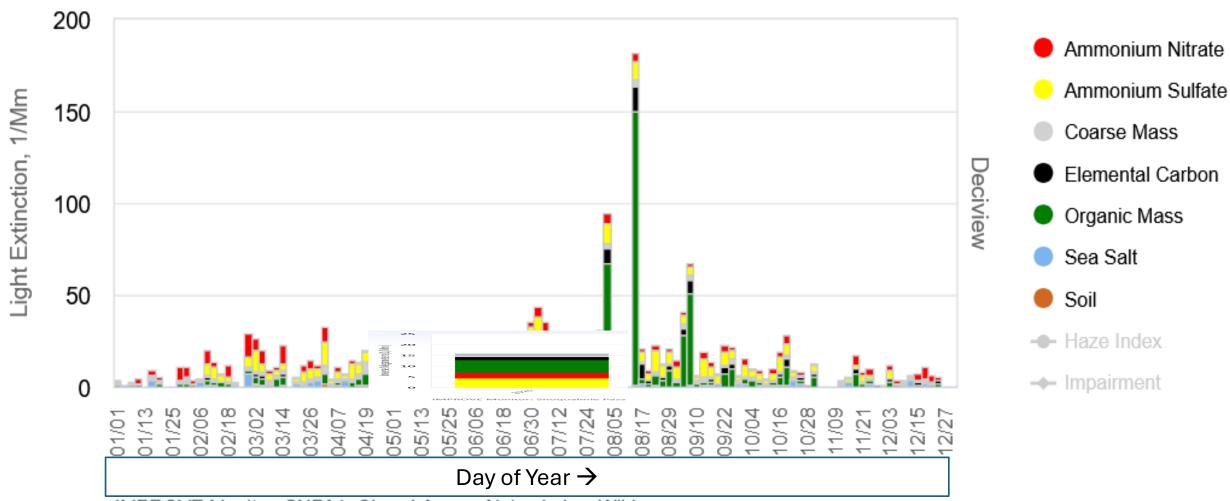
IMPROVE Monitor: SNPA1; Class I Areas: Alpine Lakes Wilderness





Daily Extinction Composition Sorted by Date - All Days (2021)

Snoqualmie Pass (SNPA1)



IMPROVE Monitor: SNPA1; Class I Areas: Alpine Lakes Wilderness

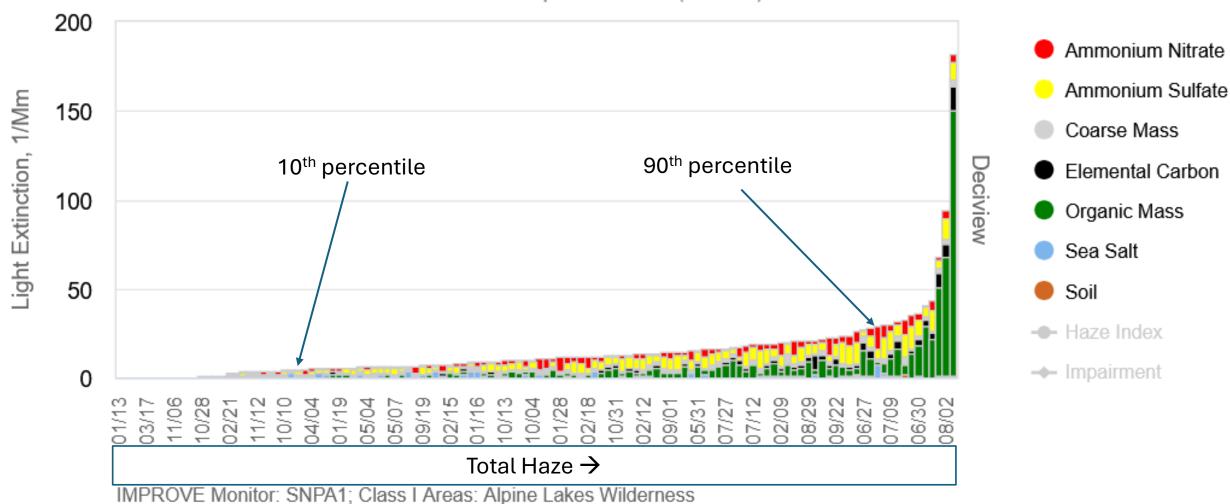




Daily Extinction Composition Sorted by Total Haze - All Days (2021)



Snoqualmie Pass (SNPA1)



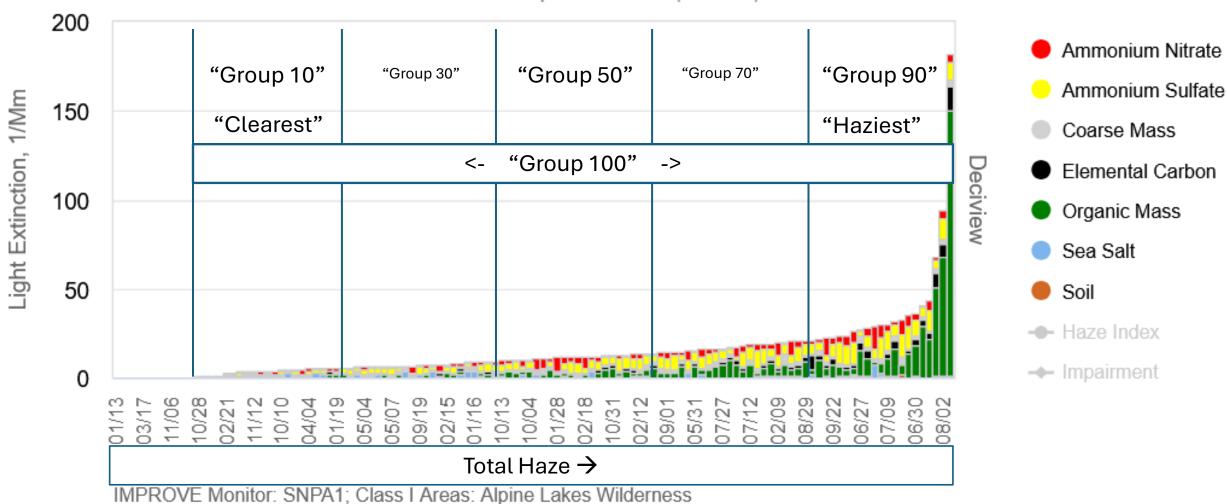




Daily Extinction Composition Sorted by Total Haze - All Days (2021)



Snoqualmie Pass (SNPA1)







Regional Haze Maps and Metrics

• Impairment metrics here:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0Bxfj1vyyXeDYWVpfeUo4NEYtTU0?resourcekey=0-d0Bn5HHHEkgbiHZvIQWaLQ&usp=sharing

Haziest Day metrics here:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0Bxfj1vyyXeDYTjNLellwUUx0TTg?resourcekey=0-yt0EY9maDLhRmcE8s5tC6A&usp=sharing

History of RHR metric changes since 10/2019.

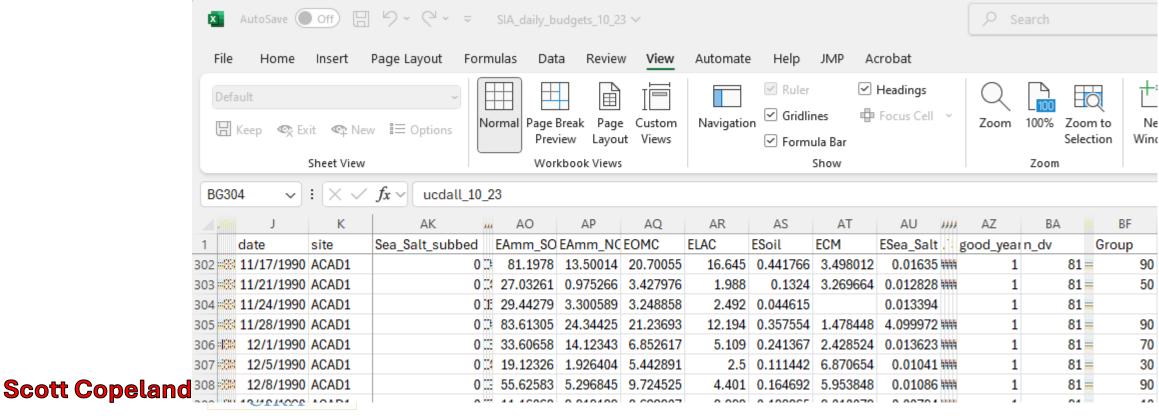
https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/16i5fwc6aVAjqNQRAvhd5jIIxeiyfCsQQ/edit?usp=drive_link&ouid=116534812255078445612&rtpof=true&sd=true



SIA daily budgets 9_24.csv 🚢

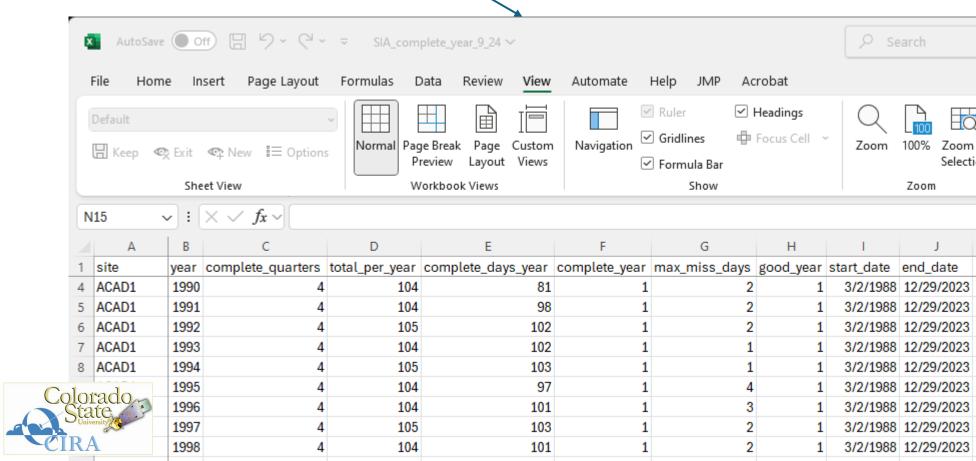
Patched, substituted, completeness flagged

- SIA_complete_year_9_24.csv 🚢
- SIA group means 9 24.csv 🚢

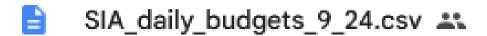




- SIA_daily_budgets_9_24.csv 🚢
- SIA_complete_year_9_24.csv 🚢
- SIA_group_means_9_24.csv 🚢



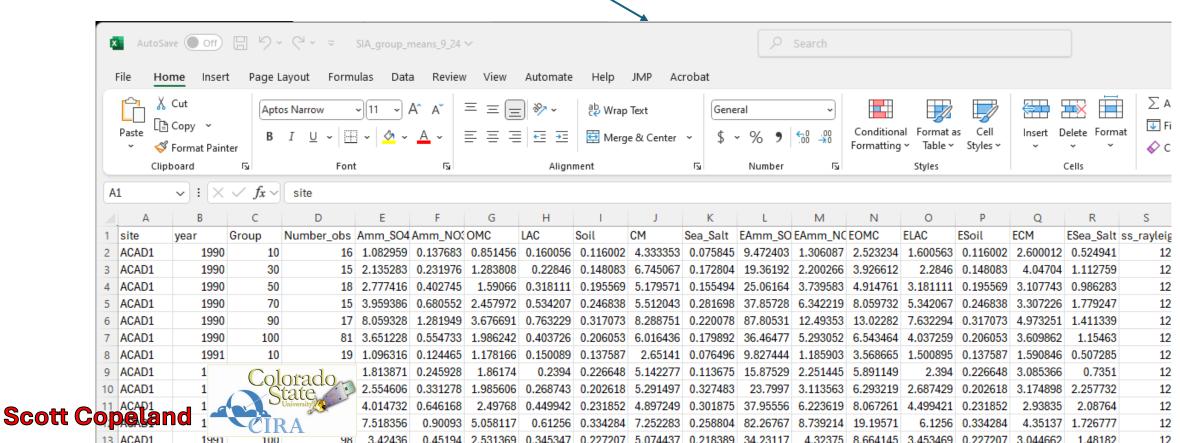




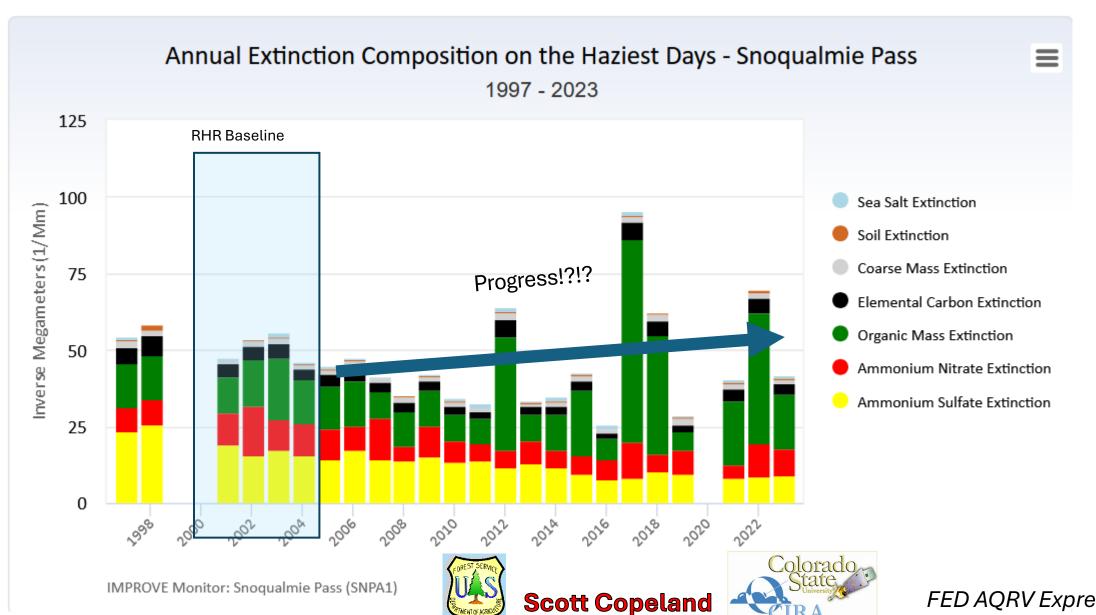
SIA_complete_year_9_24.csv 🚢

SIA_group_means_9_24.csv 🚢

Only complete years.



First, we tried to track haziest days:



Take a step back...

Our Clean Air Act Mandate:

"prevention of any future, and the remedying of any existing, impairment of visibility in mandatory Federal Class I areas which impairment results from manmade air pollution."

IMPROVE doesn't measure "human caused" air pollution!

• Instead, IMPROVE measures total pollution and we algorithmically infer "human caused".









IMPROVE

Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments



Overview - Data - RHR -Data Resources * Publications • Meetings ▼ Special Studie

Impairm

Summary Data

iew

Introduction to Ir

Impairment Overview

Data

Patching

RHR

Sort Impairment Framework 2064 Endpoints Intro

Impairment-Ba

In the western U

Metric - Overview Scott Copeland

Introduction

Visibility-reducir RHR visibility impairm Guidance United States En Documents based on the rer

natural and anthropogenic sources. The Clean A as, which include certain National Parks, National on Agency's (U.S. EPA) original 2003 Guidance for enic impairment on the 20% of days each year wit ays regularly include large amounts of haze from

Clean Air Act goals of removing human-caused haze by focusing on days dominated





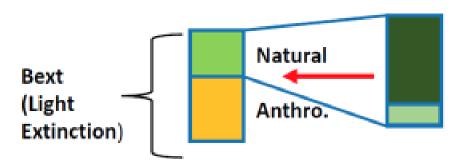
Most Impaired Day determination has two parts:

- 1. Splitting days into estimated anthropogenic and natural parts.
- 2. Sorting days based on "impairment", defined as fraction of total light extinction that is anthropogenic.



Components of an Impairment-based Approach

 Split each day of IMPROVE data into natural and anthropogenic extinction components



Episodic = site-specific daily dust and carbon > site's lowest annual 95th percentile values between 2000-2014

Routine = all sea-salt; daily fraction of avg. NC-II dust, carbon, sulfate, and nitrate in proportion to the nonepisodic portion of measured values.

Sort: Several visibility indicators to identify the "worst" days:

1) Current Approach = Total haze 2) Perceptible Anthro. Impairment Approach = dvTotal - dvNat

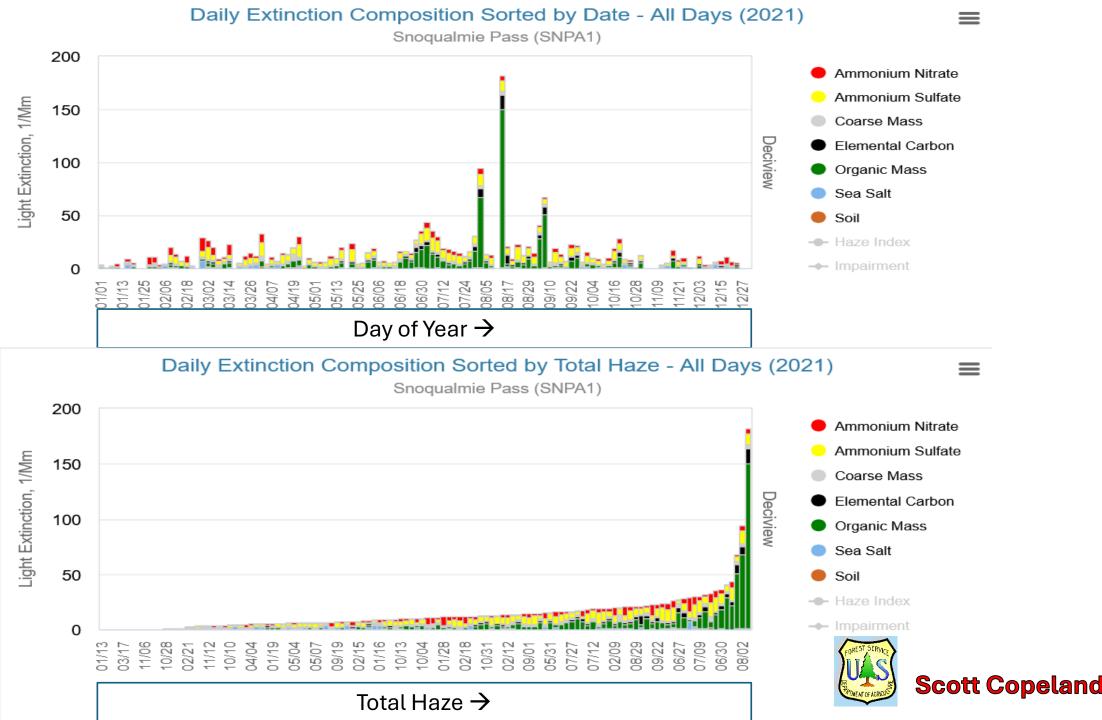


Select the 20% most impaired days

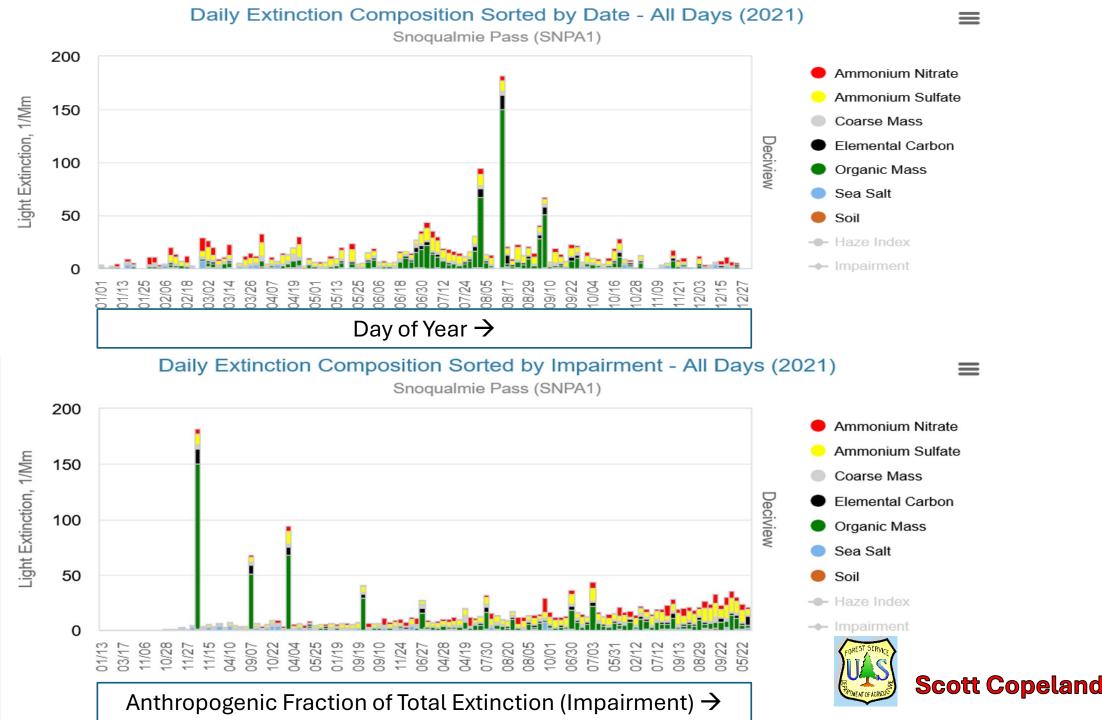


Scott Copeland





Colorado

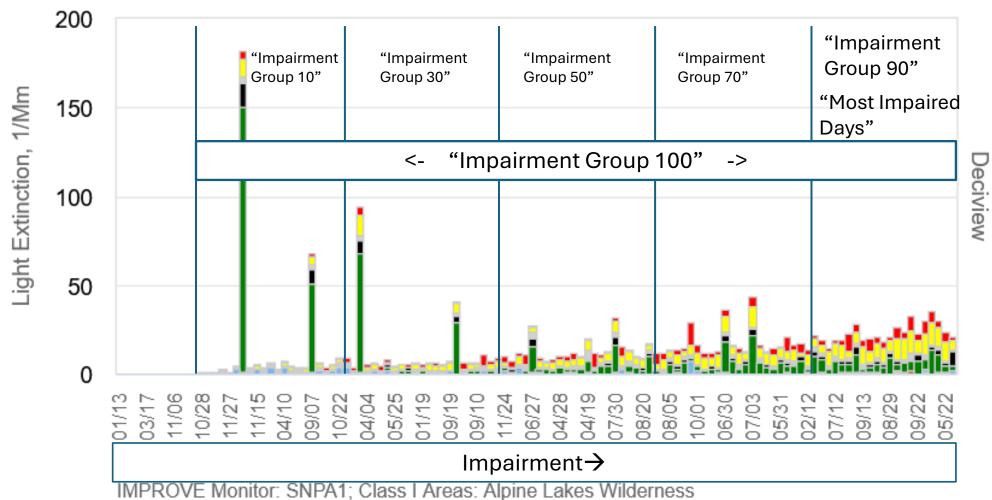


Colorado

Daily Extinction Composition Sorted by Impairment - All Days (2021)







- Ammonium Nitrate
- Ammonium Sulfate
- Coarse Mass
- Elemental Carbon
- Organic Mass
- Sea Salt
- Soil
- Haze Index
- Impairment

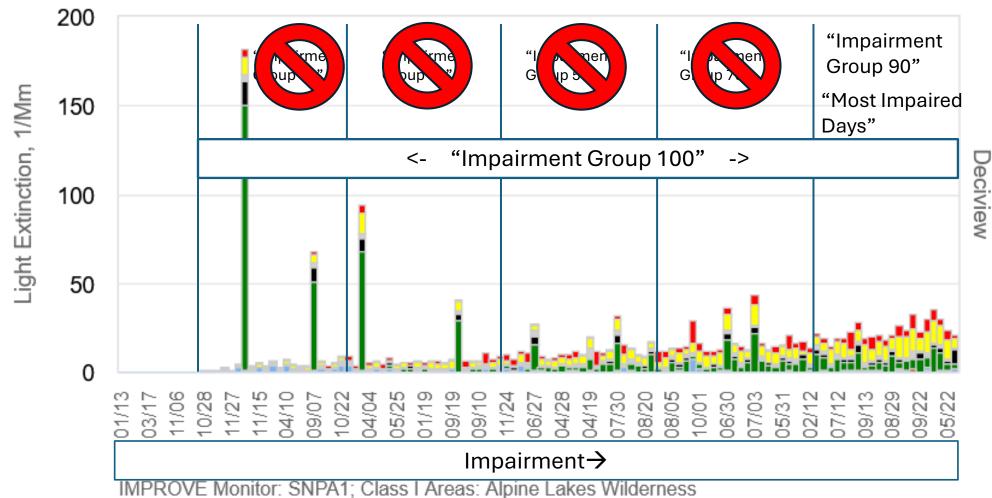




Daily Extinction Composition Sorted by Impairment - All Days (2021)



Snoqualmie Pass (SNPA1)



- Ammonium Nitrate
- Ammonium Sulfate
- Coarse Mass
- Elemental Carbon
- Organic Mass
- Sea Salt
- Soil
- Haze Index
- Impairment





This is so important, that it gets its own slide!

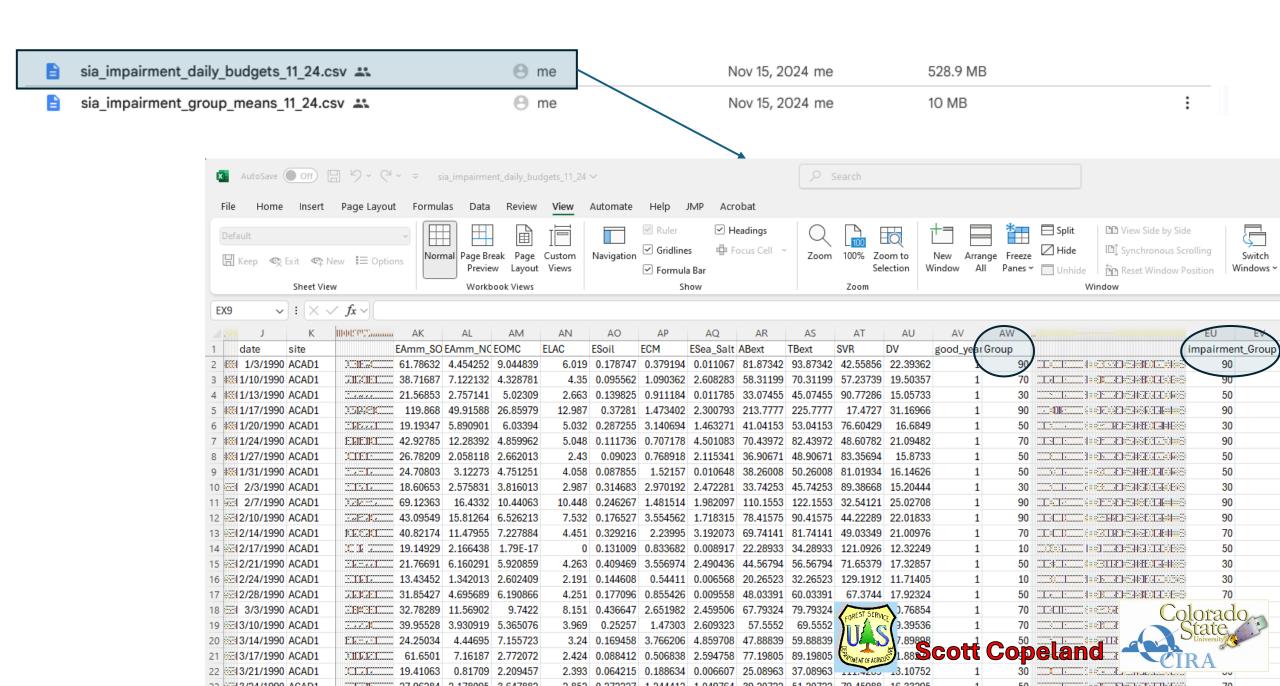
 The data does not change, we are only looking at a different subset of days.

... days that should be representative of the highest impairment, which "results from manmade air pollution".

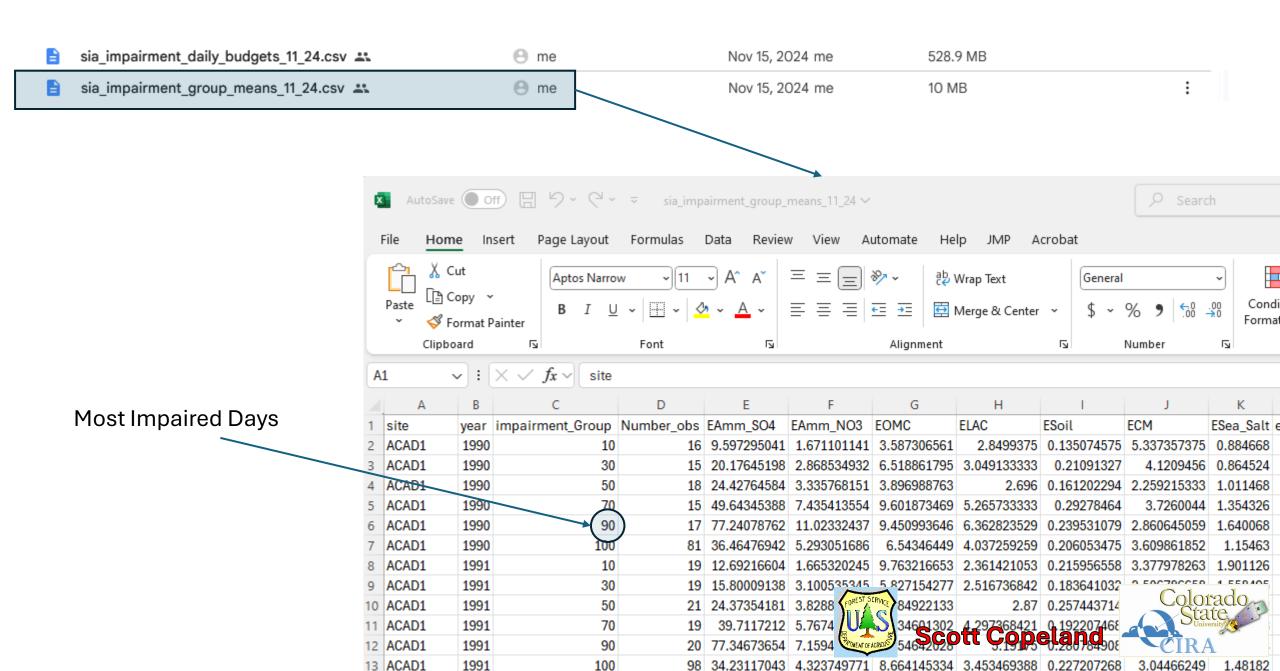


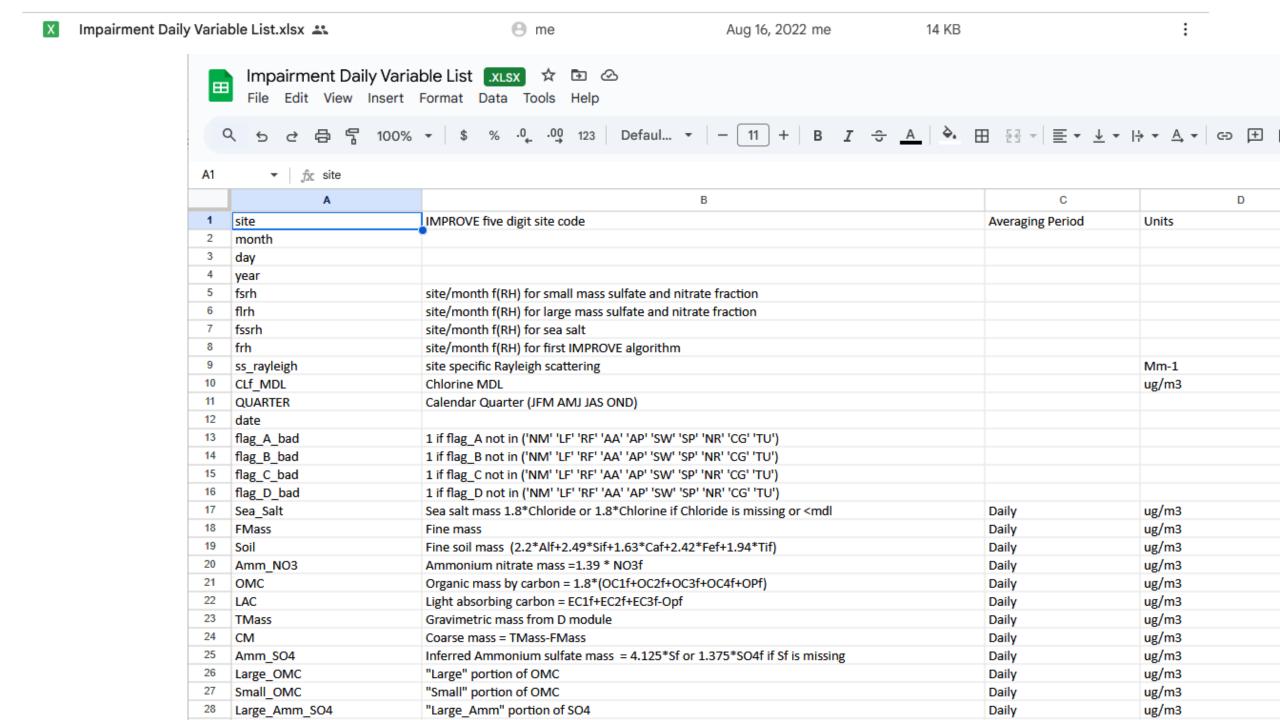


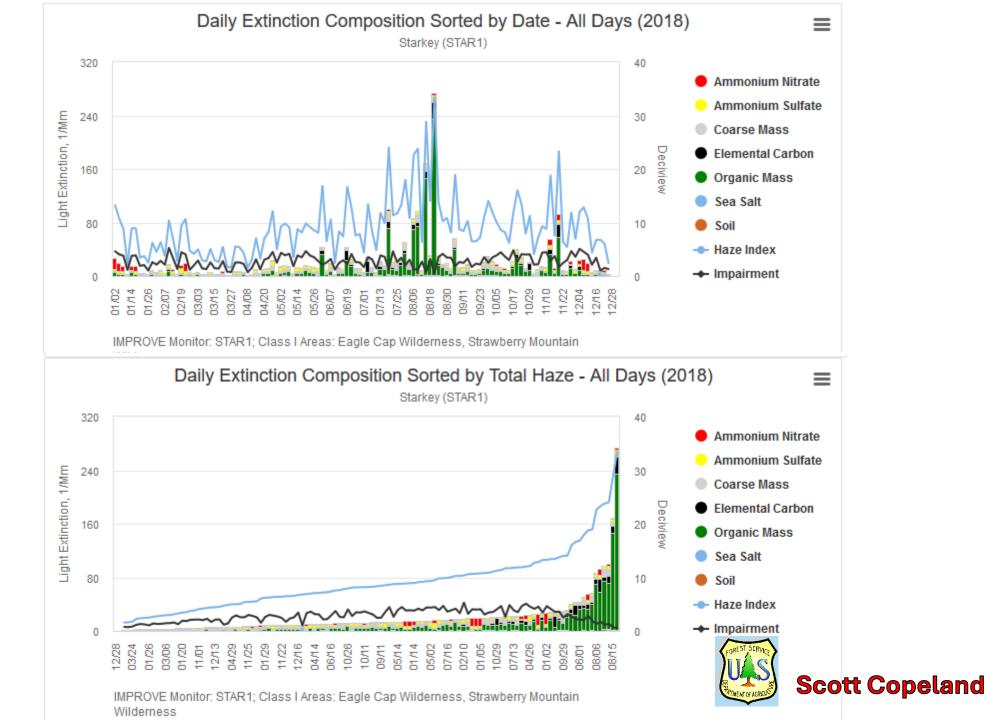
Start with RHR2 Daily data.



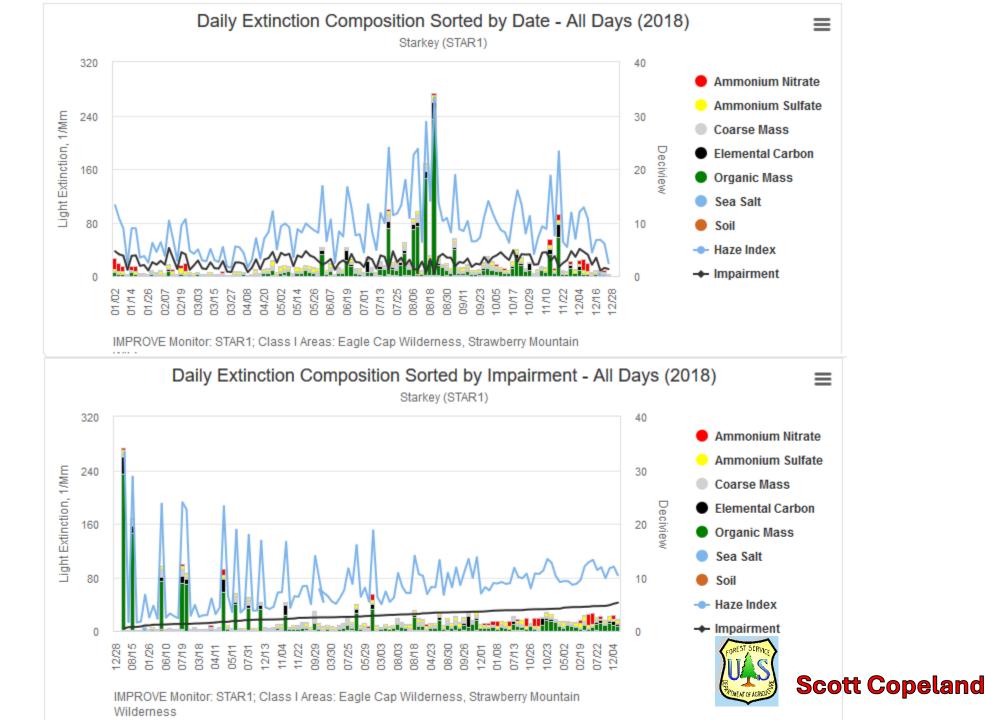
Start with RHR2 Daily data.















The 2017 Regional Haze Rule requires states to determine the baseline (2000-2004) visibility condition for the 20 percent most impaired days and requires that the long-term strategy and RPG must provide for improvement in visibility for the most impaired days, relative to the baseline period.

Specifically, states must determine the rate of improvement in visibility that would need to be maintained during each implementation period in order to reach natural conditions by 2064 for the 20 percent most impaired days, given the starting point of the 2000-2004 baseline visibility condition. The "glidepath," or URP, is the amount of visibility improvement that would be needed to stay on a linear path from the baseline period to natural conditions.

https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2018-12/documents/technical_guidance_tracking_visibility_progress.pdf

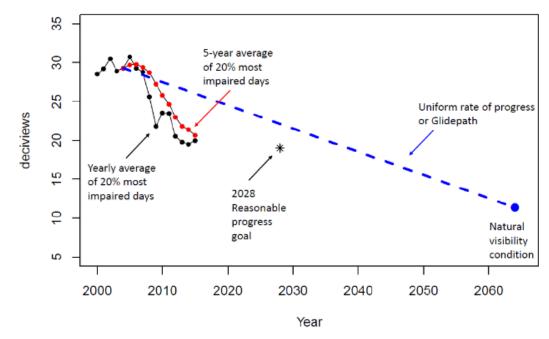
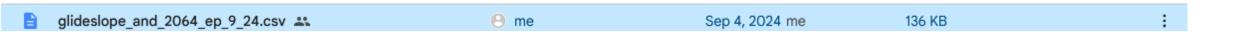
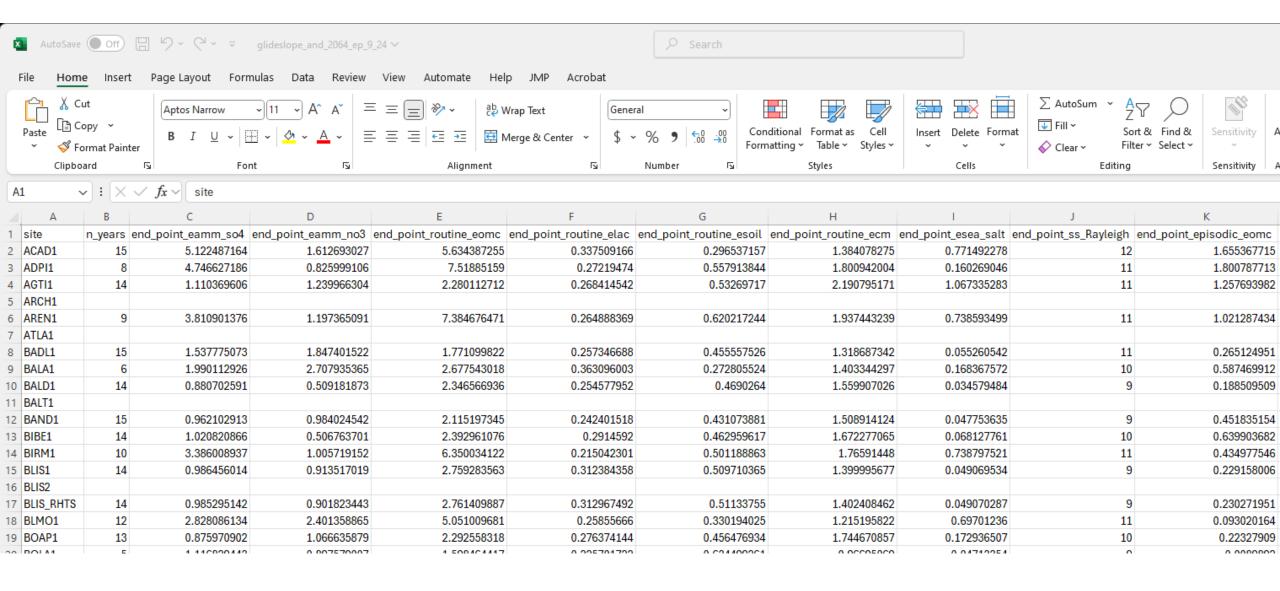
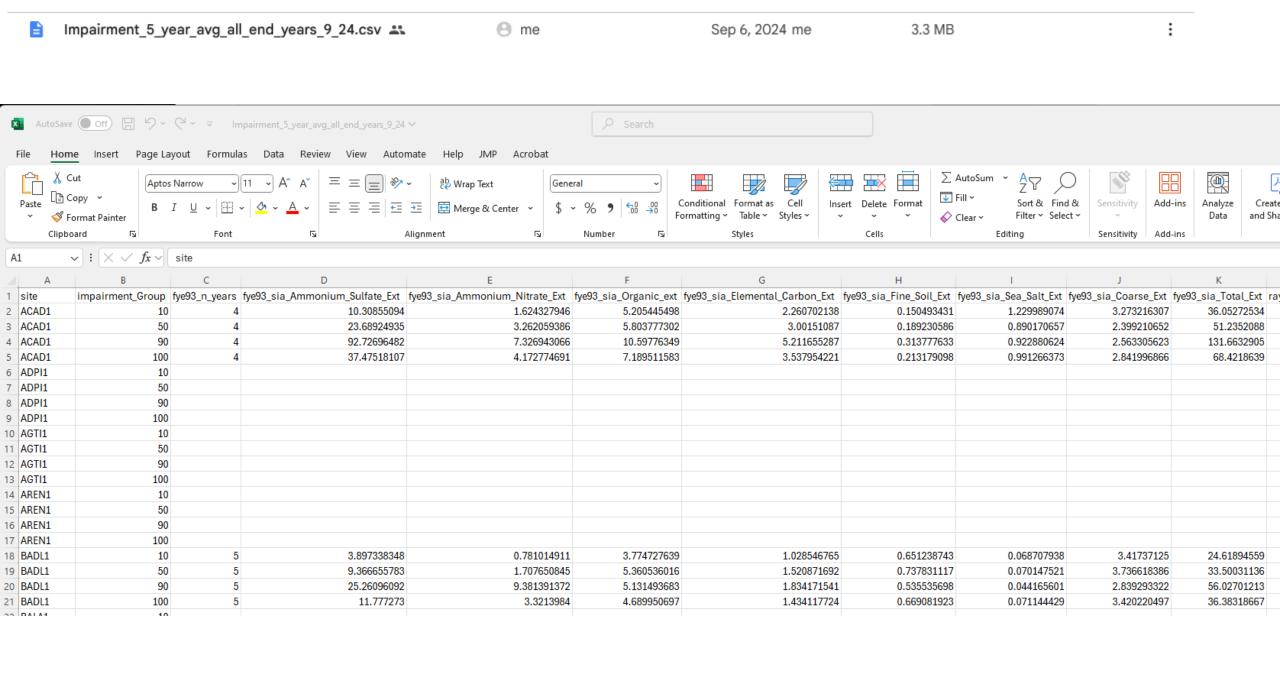
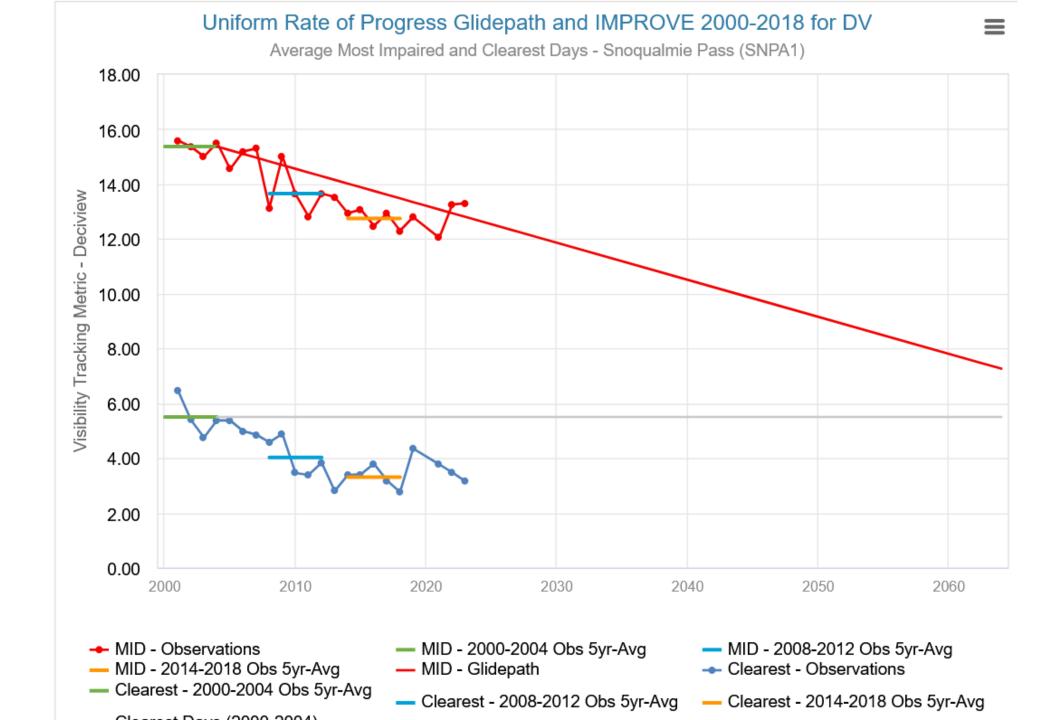


Figure 3-1 Example Glidepath Plot.



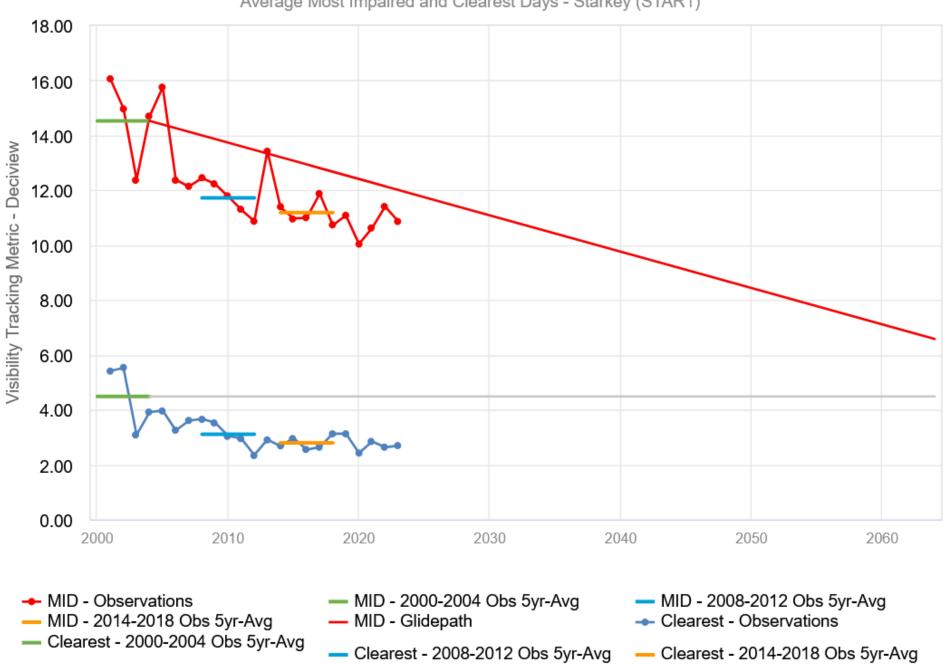






Uniform Rate of Progress Glidepath and IMPROVE 2000-2018 for DV

Average Most Impaired and Clearest Days - Starkey (STAR1)

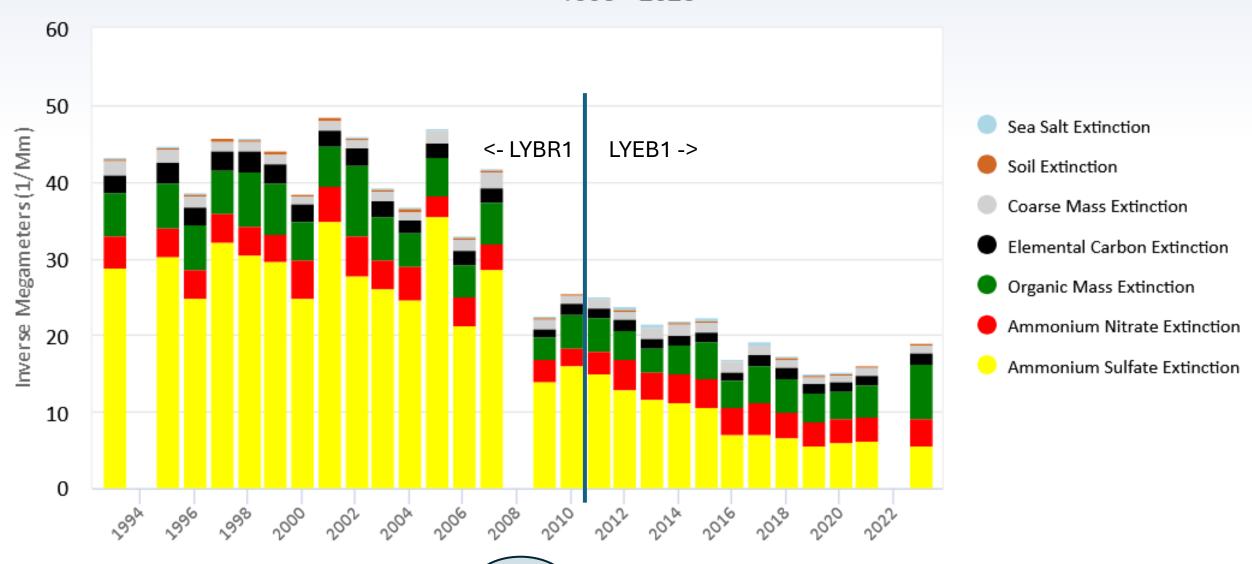


OL ----- (0000 0004)

Annual Extinction Composition for All Days - Lye Brook Wilderness (RHTS)



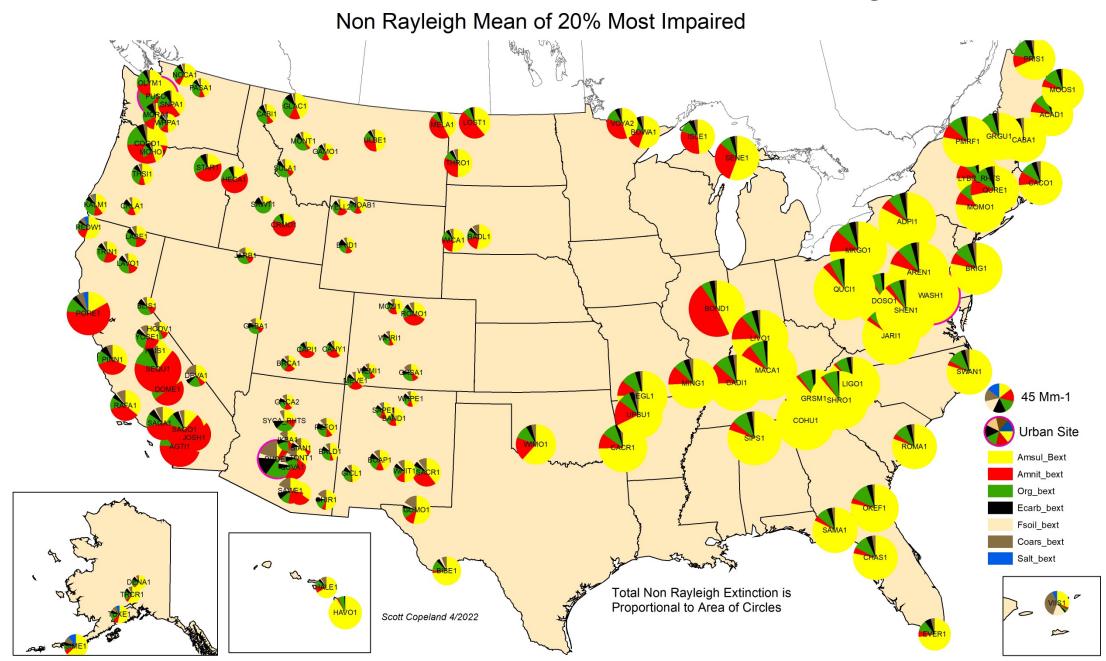
1993 - 2023



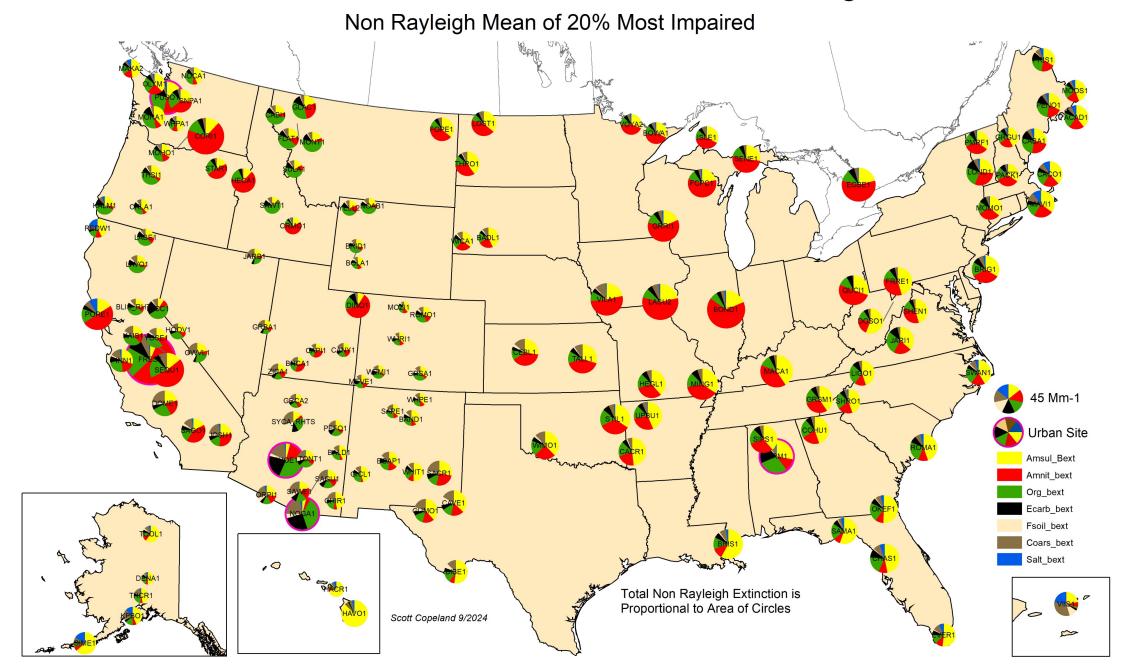




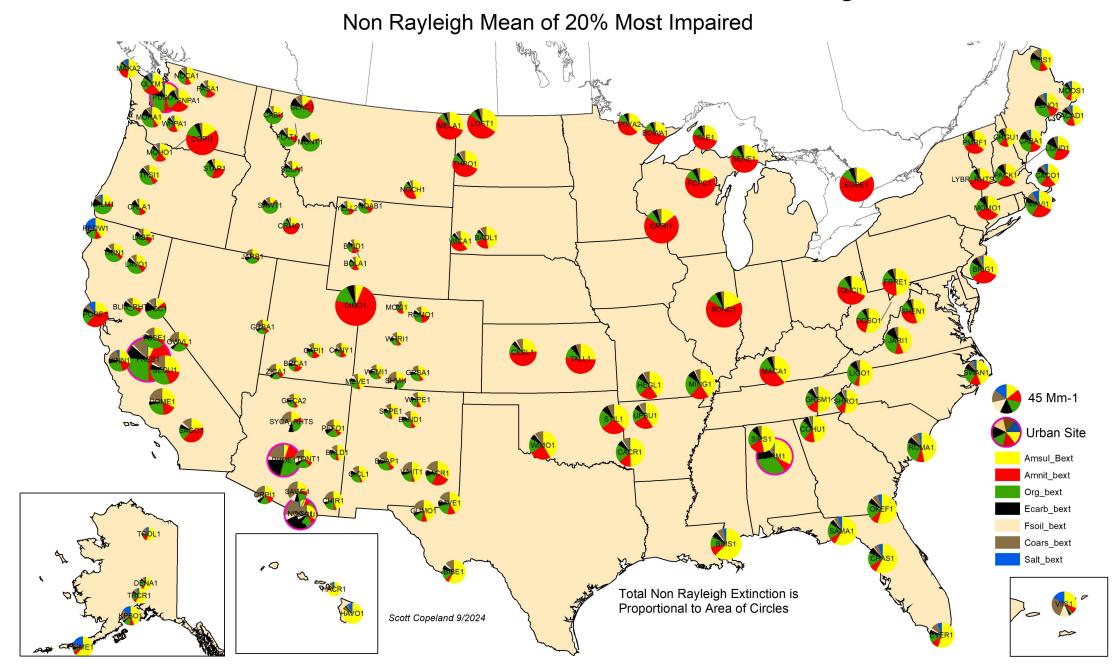
IMPROVE Data - 2002 Second IMPROVE Algorithm



IMPROVE Data - 2022 Second IMPROVE Algorithm



IMPROVE Data - 2023 Second IMPROVE Algorithm



Default 2064 Endpoints (Based on 2000-2015) IMP Sites

